

## Special Bargain Week

and every department has wonderful bargains to offer you.

### DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Save the material you want for new dress. We can save enough to help pay for the dress. See our prices:

50c China silk, all colors . . . 50c yd  
75c taffeta silk, all colors . . . 60c yd  
85c taffeta silk, all colors . . . 65c yd  
\$1.00 crepe de chine, all colors . . . 80c yd  
\$1.25 fancy suit silks . . . 90c yd

### SILK AT REDUCED PRICES

50c China silk, all colors . . . 50c yd  
75c taffeta silk, all colors . . . 60c yd  
85c taffeta silk, all colors . . . 65c yd  
\$1.00 crepe de chine, all colors . . . 80c yd  
\$1.25 fancy suit silks . . . 90c yd

### Money Saving Prices on Ladies' and Children's Shoes

A trial will convince you. We don't try to see how much we can get for our shoes. Our idea is to see how good a shoe we can give you for the least money.  
All \$1.50 shoes in this sale \$1.15  
All \$2.00 shoes in this sale \$1.40  
All \$2.50 shoes in this sale \$1.85  
All \$3.00 shoes in this sale \$2.25  
Serrano shoes for ladies . . . \$3.50

## Alexander Dept. Store

THE GIVERS OF BEST VALUES



## Monarch Ranges

Malleable iron and the kind you cannot break. I have a full line of Ranges, Heaters, both wood and coal, and invite you to call and examine the same before buying.

**T. C. TAYLOR**  
The Hardware Man

## B. F. BECK

## Sanitary Plumber

807 Cottonwood Street

## ARE FIGHTING SCAB

### GOVERNMENT URGES THE PROPER USE OF DIPS.

Department of Agriculture Issues a Bulletin Covering the Subject—Urges Regular Use of Dips and Prefers Lime and Sulphur When Available—Carbolic Acid Dip Has Also Proved to Be Valuable.

The United States department of agriculture has recently issued Farmers' Bulletin No. 153, on "Scab in Sheep." The bulletin was prepared by Dr. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry. It contains a comprehensive discussion of sheep scab, showing descriptions of several kinds of dipping plants suitable for use on small and large farms.

The bulletin concludes with the federal laws and regulations relative to sheep scab. Special stress is laid upon the importance of proper use of dips, and points out that in many cases the directions are not followed by the shepherds, and weaker proportions than is advisable are used and sheep are hurried through the swim, and then not placed under favorable conditions as they should.

This is due largely on account of the desire to economize time, labor and expense. If the directions are followed, favorable results may be expected. It is clearly shown that the cheapest and best way to cure scab on sheep is by dipping the sheep in some kind of a liquid that will destroy the parasites. It shows how to select a dip and favors the use of lime and sulphur dips when properly made.

Ten steps are given that should be taken in the dipping process. If a prepared dip is used which does not contain sulphur, it is always safer to add 16 1-2 pounds of sifted flowers of sulphur to every 100 gallons of water, especially if after dipping the sheep have to be returned to the old pastures.

The bulletin favors the use of lime and sulphur as far as possible, and discredits the use of a prepared dip which has carbolic acid as a base, and sustains this position by referring to the experience of many thousands of woolgrowers in the United States and other countries. However, Dr. Salmon admits that carbolic acid dips are of value if properly made. In reference to the use of sulphur dips, the bulletin gives the following summary:

To summarize, the position of the bureau of animal industry on the lime and sulphur dips is as follows: When properly made and properly used, these dips are second to none and equalled by few as scab eradicator.

There is always some injury to the wool resulting from the use of these

dips, but when properly made and properly used upon shorn sheep it is believed that this injury is so slight that it need not be considered; on long wool the injury is greater and seems to vary with different wools, being greater on a fine than on a coarse wool.

This injury consists chiefly in a change in the microscopic structure of the fibre caused by the caustic action of the ooze. When improperly used the lime and sulphur dips are injurious and dangerous, and in these cases the cheapness of the ingredients does not justify their use.

Where a large number of sheep-growers have been using carbolic acid dips for a number of years with excellent results, it will be well to note what Dr. Salmon has to say in reference to the use of carbolic acid. In the discussion of this dip he quotes from Professor Gillette, of Colorado, who points out that the carbolic acid dip acts more readily than the tobacco or sulphur dips on the eggs of the parasites, and reports most excellent results from the use of a certain prepared carbolic dip. To sum up the point, Dr. Salmon has this to say in reference to the carbolic acid dip:

"The advantages of carbolic acid dips are that they act more rapidly than the tobacco or sulphur dips, and that the prepared carbolic dips are very easily mixed in the baths. They also seem, according to Gillette, to have a greater effect on the eggs of the parasites than either the sulphur or tobacco dips. The great disadvantages of this class of dips are, first, in some of the proprietary dips, that the farmer is uncertain regarding the strength of the material he is using; second, the sheep receive a greater setback than they do with either lime and sulphur or tobacco."

There seems to be virtue in both kinds of dips, and that much depends upon the correctness of the mixtures in reference to the amount of ingredients used. We would advise our readers to write to the department of agriculture for this bulletin, for we believe that they will find in it much of value in reference to this important question.

### COMING EVENTS.

November 14—Annual meeting Oregon Miners' Association, Portland.

November 15-16—State Bar Association, Portland.

November 16-26—National Grange meeting, Portland.

November 16-18—National Irrigation Association, El Paso, Texas.

November 24—Thanksgiving in the United States, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Guam and the Philippines.

November 25-27—Oregon Y. M. C. A. state meeting, Salem.

November 25-26—State convention county clerks and recorders, Portland.

December 13-15—Oregon Good Roads Association, Salem.

January 26—Inland Empire Sunday School Institute, Pendleton.

June 1, 1935—Opening Lewis and Clark exposition.

## MINERS HOPEFUL

### SUMPTER DISTRICT PROMISES TO REVIVE.

Zoeth Houser of Quartzburg District, Says the Best Period of Prosperity Lies Before That Rich Region—Will Erect Five Stamp Mill on Claims in Quartzburg—Smelter at Sumpter is Best Business Addition to the Town.

"From all prospects now in sight, Sumpter has reached the lowest ebb, in a business way, and will rapidly advance to her old place in the lists of busy, live, bustling, solid cities of Eastern Oregon," said Zoeth Houser to the East Oregonian today.

Mr. Houser is down from his mines in the Quartzburg district and will return to the mountains for the winter after a few days with his family at Echo. He will take in a five stamp mill from Baker City to place on his property near the Standard group of claims, and will begin milling some of his best ore soon.

There are now 15 men employed on the Standard, and the veins are showing up satisfactorily. He believes by developing these claims that he can open up one of the most permanent and valuable properties in that entire district.

"The smelter which has just been started at Sumpter," he said, is the salvation of the city, and insures a rapid growth of business. From all over that rich district hundreds of thousands of tons of high grade ore will be hauled and shipped into Sumpter and milled, and the money all be kept in the city and district.

"This convenience will enable men having small claims to work them at a profit, haul their ore to the smelter and get immediate returns, and thus develop mines and add them to the list of active producers, that otherwise would be dormant for years, awaiting capital to build mills upon them."

"It means more for Sumpter than any one other addition ever made to the city. I look for the entire district, as well as the city, to revive now, and become permanently active and full of life. The mines are there, and are tributary to the smelter, and must naturally attract capital to the district, as well as furnish labor for large numbers of miners and other trades."

"We are hopeful of seeing the best period of prosperity ever enjoyed by that camp and district, in the next few years, beginning from this year, with the establishment of the smelter."

**Goods Sponged Free.**  
The Peoples Warehouse sponge and shrink all woolen goods bought of them without charge.



## STILL AHEAD

### COMPETITORS ALL OUT-DISTANCED.

The awarding of the only prize for Blankets, Indian Robes, Indian Shawls and Indian Couch Covers at St. Louis to the Pendleton Woollen Mills adds but very little to the fame of this celebrated line of goods, but the circumstances surrounding the goods sent to the Fair show that this line really merits all the honor as this was not a prepared exhibit.

It is usual for manufacturers to prepare something especially fine for exhibition purposes, but these goods were packed on a "hurry-up" order direct from the shelves of the stock room and are the exact qualities that are being shipped all over the country to customers.

Christmas trade has commenced to come in already, showing that there is going to be greater interest all over the country in these Robes, Etc., for holiday presents.

Pendleton people should bear this in mind. Nothing pleases friends in the East more than one of these robes. They not only advertise the City of Pendleton, but are the most appropriate souvenir of the Great West now obtainable.

**THE SMOKING JACKETS** bid fair to soon outlive the robes in popularity, as orders are coming in from nearly all the points where samples have been shown.

They are without doubt the swiftest thing and the latest novelty in Smoking Jackets. By the way,

**HAVE YOU SEEN THE SMOKING JACKETS?**

# Tremendous Cut in Prices

Below we mention a few of the many bargains we are giving for a few days only

## Outing Flannel Gowns

OUR LINE OF GOWNS THIS SEASON IS THE LARGEST WE HAVE EVER CARRIED. EACH GARMENT IS NICELY TRIMMED ON CUFFS AND COLLAR WITH GOOD QUALITY EMBROIDERY TO MATCH MATERIAL. MATERIAL IS GOOD QUALITY WORTH 40C TO 15C BY THE YARD. WE ARE SELLING THEM THIS WEEK AT FROM

40c to \$1.98

See Large Window Display

## Ladies' Shirt Waists

PRICES REDUCED ON ALL MEDIUM GRADE WAISTS FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY:  
75c WAISTS GO AT . . . . . 50c  
90c WAISTS GO AT . . . . . 60c  
\$1.25 WAISTS GO AT . . . . . 70c  
\$1.50 WAISTS GO AT . . . . . \$1.15  
\$1.75 WAISTS GO AT . . . . . \$1.25  
\$2.50 WAISTS GO AT . . . . . \$1.99

## Kid Gloves

100 DOZEN GUARANTEED KID GLOVES, THE REGULAR \$1.25 KIND

Sale Price 93c.

## Children's Wool Dresses

IN PLAIN BLUE, BROWN AND RED, AND FANCY PLAIDS; AGES 2 TO 14 YEARS. WE HAVE BEEN SELLING THEM CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE IN PENDLETON, AND FOR A FEW DAYS THE PRICES WILL BE CUT STILL DEEPER.

ALL \$4.00 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$3.45  
ALL \$3.50 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$2.95  
ALL \$3.00 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$2.55  
ALL \$2.75 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$2.35  
ALL \$2.50 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$2.05  
ALL \$2.00 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$1.65  
ALL \$1.75 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$1.25  
ALL \$1.50 DRESSES GO AT . . . . . \$1.05

## Petticoats

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF BLACK SATEN PETTICOATS. BOUGHT TO SELL AT \$2.00.

12 Dozen of them go at  
**\$1.37 Each**

## Bed Spreads

OUR ENTIRE LINE OF \$2.00 and \$2.25 SPREADS GO AT

**\$1.73**

# Lee Teutsch's Busy Department Store

MAIN AND ALTA STREETS